UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA LAKE CHARLES DIVISION

GARRY BUTLER

CIVIL ACTION NO. 10-994

FED. REG. # 12806-007

SECTION P

VERSUS

JUDGE MINALDI

J.P. YOUNG

MAGISTRATE JUDGE KAY

REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

Pro se petitioner Garry Butler, proceeding *in forma pauperis*, filed the instant petition for writ of *habeas corpus* pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2241 on June 7, 2010. Doc. 1. Petitioner is in the custody of the Federal Bureau of Prisons (BOP) and is incarcerated at the Federal Correctional Institute, Oakdale (FCIO), Oakdale, Louisiana. Petitioner names FCIO Warden J.P. Young as his respondent herein.

This matter has been referred to the undersigned for review, report, and recommendation in accordance with the provisions of 28 U.S.C. §636 and the standing orders of the court.

Statement of the Case

The undersigned concluded an initial review of the petition on May 23, 2011, and issued a Memorandum Order [Doc. 4] directing plaintiff to amend his deficient petition within thirty days.. To date, plaintiff has not responded to that order.

Law and Analysis

Federal Rules of Civil Procedure Rule 41(b) permits dismissal of claims "For failure of the plaintiff to prosecute or to comply with ... any order of court..." The district court also has the inherent authority to dismiss an action *sua sponte*, without motion by a defendant. *Link v*.

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Wabash R.R.Co., 370 U.S. 626, 630-31 (1962). "The power to invoke this sanction is necessary

in order to prevent undue delays in the disposition of pending cases and to avoid congestion in

the calendars of the [d]istrict [c]ourts." McCullough v. Lynaugh, 835 F.2d 1126, 1127 (5th Cir.

1988). Plaintiff was directed to provide additional information and he has failed to do so.

Therefore, IT IS RECOMMENDED that plaintiff's Habeas Corpus Petition be

DISMISSED in accordance with the provisions of FRCP Rule 41(b).

Under the provisions of 28 U.S.C. Section 636(b)(1)(C) and Rule 72(b), parties aggrieved

by this recommendation have fourteen (14) business days from service of this report and

recommendation to file specific, written objections with the Clerk of Court. A party may

respond to another party's objections within fourteen (14) days after being served with a copy of

any objections or response to the district judge at the time of filing.

Failure to file written objections to the proposed factual findings and/or the

proposed legal conclusions reflected in this Report and Recommendation within fourteen

(14) days following the date of its service, or within the time frame authorized by Fed. R.

Civ. P. 6(b), shall bar an aggrieved party from attacking either the factual findings or the

legal conclusions accepted by the District Court, except upon grounds of plain error. See

Douglass v. United Serv. Auto. Ass'n, 79 F.3d 1415 (5th Cir. 1996).

THUS DONE this 8th day of September, 2011.

KATHLEEN KA

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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